

Poly-Smith PTFE - Safety Data Sheet

CHEMICAL NAME: POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

1) Product and Company Identification

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Chemical Name	Polytetrafluoroethylene Plastic (PTFE)
Formular Developed	E.I. DuPont Company in 1939
Commercial Name	VHD-1 Virgin High Density Free Flow <u>Structual Formular (C2F4)n</u>
Supplier	Poly-Smith PTFE $F F F F F F F F F F F F$ 8 Taylor Road $I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I -$
	Edison, NJ 08817 C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-
	Phone: 1-732.287.0610 FFFFFFFFFFFF
CAS Number:	9002-84-0
Use and Function	Manufacture of Corrrosion & Heat Resistant Basic PTFE Plastic Shapes and Parts
Emergency Phone	908-337-9851

2) Composition	/Informatio	on on Ingredients		
Ingredient	% weight	CAS Number	Hazard Class*	Risk Phrase*
Polytetrafluoroethylene	100	9002-84-0	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

* <u>Hazard class & Risk Phrase</u>. These columns are only completely suited for ingredients which are classified as hazardous under EU Directive (67/548/EEC, as amended) and are present in sufficcient concentration to make the overall substance hazardous. In all other situations, the colum will be completed as "Non Applicable".

3) Hazards Ide	ntification
	EMERGENCY OVERVIEW
	nandled according to good working and hygenic practices, is not dangerous to human health and the enviroment. at temperatures of 380° C and above for short and long term exposure effects see Section 11 Toxilogical data.
Eye Effects	No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use. Eye contact with thermal decomposition products causes redness, irritation, burns.
Skin Effects	No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use. Skin contact with thermal decomposition products causes redness, irritation, burns.
Ingestion/Oral Effects	No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use.
Inhalation	No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use. Inhalation of thermal decomposition products causes headache, short breathing, cough, chills and fever, tachychardia (polymer fume fever). Smoking tobacco contaminated with PTFE may also cause polymer fume fever.



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MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: None Anticipated during normal use. Fumes produced at elevated temperatures may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, and respitory conditions.

HMIS Hazard Codes		Rating System
Health	1	0 = No Hazard
Flammibility	0	1 = Slight Hazard
Reactivity	0	2 = Moderate Hazard
		3 = Serious Hazard
		4 = Severe Hazard

4) First Aid I	Measures
Eye Effects:	In case of contact with thermal decomposition products, flush the eyes immediately and continuously with cold running water. Seek immediate medical assistance*.
Skin Effects:	In case of contact with thermal decomposition products, immediately flush the skin with cold running water to cool it. Remove contaminated clothing. Do not attempt to remove molten polymer from the skin. Cover burns with sterile dressings. Seek immediate medical assistance*.
Ingestion/Oral Effects:	No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use. In case of ingestion/oral contact with thermal decomposition products, give several glasses of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical assistance*.
Inhalation:	In case of inhallation of thermal decomposition products, remove the patient to fresh air and keep the patient warm. If breathing problems occur, a qualififed individual should administer oxygen or artificial resperation. Seek immediate medical assistance*.
Other Information:	* In all case of exposure to thermal decomposition products of PTFE seek immediate medical assistance, indicating that hydrofluoric acid and toxic gases are decomposition products. Note that symptoms may not appear until some hours after inhallation of decomposition product.

5) Fire Fighting Measures		
Auto Ignition Temp: N	/A - Flammable Limits – UEL: N/A -Flash Point: N/A -Flammable Limits – LEL: N/A	
Extinguishing Media	Water, foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Extinguishing materials and fire remnants must be safely disposed of: see Section 13 - Disposal Considerations	
Fire and Explosion Hazard	When exposed to temperatures over 380° C PTFE can decompose to produce toxic and corrosive substances: see Section 10	
Ingestion/Oral Effects:	Fire fighters should wear a self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) which meets appropriate standards, operated in positive pressure mode, and full turn out gear. Wear eye/skin protection adequate to protect from thermal decomposition products. Use acid resistant protective clothing (capable of resisting hydrofluoric acid) to handle cool parts containing decomposed PTFE.	

For Flammability Properties - see Section 9



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6) Accidental Release Measures

No material specific actions are required. Collect the spilled material and dispose as in Section 13.

7) Handling and Storage

Handling:

Storage:

No special precautions are required during normal use

Store in cool, well ventilated space away from direct sunlight, inflammable materials and sources of ignition. Store in original packaging, showing code numbers

8) Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Limits:

Ingredient	CAS#	Limit Type	Limit Type	
PTFE	9002-84-0	TWA, as respirable dust, 5	TWA, as total dust,	10
FIFE	9002-84-0	mg/m3 (CMRG)	mg/m3 (CMRG)	

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline Threshold limits of Decoposition products Hydrogen fluoride: 3ppm (Ceiling) ACGIH TLV; 3 ppm OSHA PEL Carbonyl fluoride: 2ppm (TWA) ACGIH TLV; 5 ppm

Engineering Measures	Use appropriate ventilation to control airborne exposures.
Respiratory Protection	For conditions of exposure to fumes and/or vapor, use a full face mask with acid and organic vapor cartridges.
Hand/Skin Protection	None required under normal conditions of use.
Eye/Face Protection	Full face sheild or goggles recommended.
Hygiene Measures	Practice good workplace hygeine. Do not eat or smoke when handling. Wash hands after handling and before eating smoking.
Other/General Protection	None required under normal conditions of use.



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9) Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	White
pH (as supplied)	N/A
Solubility in Water	Negligable
Volatile Content by Volume	N/A
Specific Gravity	2.16 +/02
Vapor Pressure	N/A

10)	Stability	and	Reactivity

carbon monoxide, hydrofluoric acid, tetrafluoroethylene,	Stability: Material/ Conditions to Avoid: Hazardous Decomposition:	
hexafluoropropylene, perfluoroisobutylene, carbonyl fluoride, and other low-molecular fluorohydrocarbons. Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.	Hazardous Polymerization:	low-molecular fluorohydrocarbons.

Boiling Point

Melting Point (Initial)

Odor

Flash Point

Auto Ignition Temp

Physical Form

N/A

342 +/- 10° C

None

No Flash Point

N/A

Free Flow Pellets

11) Toxcological Information

For a comprehensive description for the various toxicological (health) effects which may arise if the user comes into contact with the substance or preperation, refer to Section 3: Hazards Identification

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS:

Substance	Condition
Carbonyl Fluoride	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Carbon Monoxide	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Carbon Dioxide	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Hydrogen Fluoride	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Perfluoroisobutylene (PFIB)	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate	At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C

Carcinogenicity

No known carcinogenic effects.

Toxicity Information for PTFE Decomposition Products:

Inhalation: PTFE decomposition products vary widely in experimental animals. Four hour LC50s (inhalation) for decomposition products range from 0.76 ppm (perfluoroisobutane) to 40,000 ppm (tetrafluoroethylene monomer). Workers exposed to PTFE fumes produced at 350-380C (temperatures associated with liberation of hexafluoroethane, perfluoroisobutylene and octafluorocyclobutene) exhibited symptoms consistent with polymer fume fever at workplace air concentrations of 3.5 mg/m³ compunds containg fluorine.

Chronic: Repeated episodes of polymer fume fever may damage the lungs.



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12) Ecological Information

The ecological effects of the product have not been established. The product is not expected to be substantially biodegradable. The material contains no chlorofluorocarbons (CFC).

13) Disposable Considerations

Uncontaminated material can be recycled. The material must be properly contained. Dispose of at approved land fill sites, or by high temperature incineration, using licensed contractors.

Water or other substances used to extinguish a fire containing the materials, together with the fire remains, must be collected and suitably disposed of.

Disposal must be in accordance with local authority and national regulations.

14) Transport Information

This product is not classified as dangerous under transport regulations.			
Parameter	European	Canadian TDG	United States DOT
Proper Shipping Name	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hazard Class	N/A	N/A	N/A
Identification Number	N/A	N/A	N/A
Shipping Label	N/A	N/A	N/A

15) Regulatory Information

This product does not contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity,

Glossary:

 ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI - American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG - Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Godds;
CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP - Chemical (Hazard Information and Packing); DSL - Domestic Substance List; EH40 (UK) - HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational exposure limits; EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Services; HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Base; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NLM - National Library of Medicine; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissable exposure limits; RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances; SARA (Title III) - Superfund Amendments and and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; TLV - threshold limit value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time Weighted Average; US DOT - US Department of Transportation; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

DISCLAIMER: the information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be correct as of the date issued. No warranties, expressed or implied, including but not limited to, any implied warranty or merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or course of performance or usage of trade. User is responsible for determining whether the product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.