

Poly-Smith PTFE

May 1, 2016 Page **1** of **5**

PRODUCT NAME: POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE

1) Product and Company Identification

Product Name Polytetrafluoroethylene & Bronze

Synonyms Bronze Filled PTFE

Material Code % Bronze - Powder, Pellets, Presintered Granules

Supplier Poly-Smith PTFE

8 Taylor Road, Edison, NJ 08818

phone: 732.287.0610 fax: 732.281.0790

PTFE CAS Number: 9002-84-0 Bronze CAS Number: None

Emergency Phone 908-337-9851

2) Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	% weight	CAS Number	Hazard
Polytetrafluoroethylene	35-60%	9002-84-0	NotConsidered to be Hazardous under normal use
Bronze	40-60 %	7782-42-5	NotConsidered to be Hazardous under normal use

3) Hazards Identification

3) Hazards iden	uncation	
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: material, when properly handled according to good working and hygenic practices, is not dangerous to human health and the environment. Toxic gases may be realsed at temperatures of 380° C and above. Harmful if thermal decomposition products are inhaled. For short and long term exposure effects see Section 11 Toxilogical data.		
Eye Effects	May cause mild eye irritation. No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use. Eye contact with thermal decomposition products causes redness, irritation, burns.	
Skin Effects	No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use. Skin contact with thermal decomposition products causes redness, irritation, burns.	
Ingestion/Oral Effects	No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use.	
Inhalation	May cause upper respiratory tract irritation. Symptoms include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use. Dust mask recomended. Inhalation of thermal decomposition products causes headache, short breathing, cough, chills and fever, tachychardia (polymer fume fever). Smoking tobacco contaminated with PTFE may also cause polymer fume fever.	

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MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: None Anticipated during normal use. Fumes produced at elevated temperatures may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, and respitory conditions.

HMIS Hazard (odes Rating System		
Health	1	0 = No Hazard	
Flammibility	0	1 = Slight Hazard	
Reactivity	0	2 = Moderate Hazard	
		3 = Serious Hazard	
		4 = Severe Hazard	

4) First Aid Measures

In case of contact with thermal decomposition products, flush the eyes immediately and continuously with cold Eye Effects:

running water. Seek immediate medical assistance*.

In case of contact with thermal decomposition products, immediately flush the skin with cold running water to Skin Effects:

cool it. Remove contaminated clothing. Do not attempt to remove molten polymer from the skin. Cover burns

with sterile dressings. Seek immediate medical assistance*.

No effects requiring first aid are expected during normal use. In case of ingestion/oral contact with thermal Ingestion/Oral Effects:

decomposition products, give several glasses of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate

medical assistance*.

In case of inhallation of thermal decomposition products, remove the patient to fresh air and keep the patient Inhalation:

warm. If breathing problems occur, a qualififed individual should administer oxygen or artificial resperation.

Seek immediate medical assistance*.

* In all case of exposure to thermal decomposition products of PTFE seek immediate medical assistance, Other Information:

indicating that hydrofluoric acid and toxic gases are decomposition products. Note that symptoms may not

appear until some hours after inhallation of decomposition product.

5) Fire Fighting Measures

Ingestion/Oral Effects:

Water, foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Extinguishing materials and fire remnants must be safely disposed Extinguishing Media

of: see Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Fire and Explosion Hazard When exposed to temperatures over 380° C PTFE can decompose to produce toxic and corrosive substances:

see Section 10

Fire fighters should wear a self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) which meets appropriate standards,

operated in positive pressure mode, and full turn out gear. Wear eye/skin protection adequate to protect from thermal decomposition products. Use acid resistant protective clothing (capable of resisting hydrofluoric acid)

to handle cool parts containing decomposed PTFE.

Auto Ignition Temp: N/A -Flammable Limits – UEL: N/A -Flash Point: N/A -Flammable Limits – LEL: N/A



Poly-Smith PTFE

May 1, 2016 Page **3** of **5**

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6) Accidental Release Measures

Wear protective equipment.. No material specific actions are required. Collect the spilled material and dispose as in Section 13.

Measures For Cleaning

Collecting

And

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Use wet sweeping compound or water to avoid creating dust. Sweep up. Clean up residue. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Dispose of material as soon as possible in accordance with federal, state, local or other applicable laws and

regulations.

7.) Handling and Storage

Handling: No special precautions are required during normal use

Storage:

Store in cool, well ventilated space away from direct sunlight, inflammable materials and sources of ignition. Store in original packaging, showing code numbers

8) Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Limits:

Ingredient	CAS#	Limit Type	Limit Type
PTFE	0000 04 0	TWA, as respirable dust,	TWA, as total dust,
	9002-84-0	5 mg/m3 (CMRG)	10 mg/m3 (CMRG)

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline

Threshold limits of Decoposition products

Hydrogen fluoride: 3ppm (Ceiling) ACGIH TLV; 3 ppm OSHA PEL

Carbonyl fluoride: 2ppm (TWA) ACGIH TLV; 5 ppm

Respiratory Protection For conditions of exposure to fumes and/or vapor, use a full face mask with acid and organic vapor cartridges.

Hand/Skin Protection None required under normal conditions of use.

Eye/Face Protection Full face sheild or goggles recommended.

Practice good workplace hygeine. Do not eat or smoke when handling. Wash hands after handling and before

Hygiene Measures eating or smoking.

Other/General Protection None required under normal conditions of use.





May 1, 2016 Page **4** of **5**

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9) Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Tan
pH (as supplied)	N/A
Solubility in Water	Negligable
Volatile Content by Volume	N/A
Specific Gravity	2.0 - 4.0
Vapor Pressure	N/A

Boiling Point	N/A
Melting Point (approx)	327° C - 342° C
Odor	None
Flash Point	N/A
Boiling Point	N/A
Physical Form	Powder/Pellets

10) Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable in normal conditions.

Material/ Conditions to Avoid: Flames and high temperatures.

Hazardous Decomposition: When exposed to temperatures above 380° C PTFE can be

decomposed to produce toxic gases, predominantly carbon dioxide,

carbon monoxide, hydrofluoric acid, tetrafluoroethylene,

hexafluoropropylene, perfluoroisobutylene, carbonyl fluoride, and other

low-molecular fluorohydrocarbons.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

11) Toxcological Information

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Hydrogen fluoride has an ACGIH Threshold Limit Value of 3 parts per million (as fluoride) as a ceiling limit and an OSHA PEL of 3 ppm of fluoride as an eight hour time-weighted average and 6 ppm of fluoride as a short-term exposure limit. The odor threshold for HF is 0.04 ppm, providing good warning properties for exposure

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY-PRODUCTS:

Substance Condition

Carbonyl Fluoride At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Carbon Monoxide At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Carbon Dioxide At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Hydrogen Fluoride At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Perfluoroisobutylene (PFIB) At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C
Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate At Elevated Temperatures - above 380° C

Carcinogenicity: No known carcinogenic effects.

Toxicity Information for PTFE Decomposition Products:

Inhalation PTFE decomposition products vary widely in experimental animals. Four hour LC50s (inhalation) for

decomposition products range from 0.76 ppm (perfluoroisobutane) to 40,000 ppm (tetrafluoroethylene monomer). Workers exposed to PTFE fumes produced at 350° C-380° C (temperatures associated with liberation of hexafluoroethane, perfluoroisobutylene and octafluorocyclobutene) exhibited symptoms consistent with polymer fume fever at workplace air concentrations of 3.5 mg/m³ compunds containg

Chronic: Repeated episodes of polymer fume fever may damage the lungs.





May 1, 2016 Page **5** of **5**

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12) Ecological Information

The ecological effects of the product have not been established. The product is not expected to be substantially biodegradable. The material contains no chlorofluorocarbons (CFC).

13) Disposable Considerations

Uncontaminated material can be recycled. The material must be properly contained. Dispose of at approved land fill sites, or by high temperature incineration, using licensed contractors.

Water or other substances used to extinguish a fire containing the materials, together with the fire remains, must be collected and suitably disposed of.

Disposal must be in accordance with local authority and national regulations.

14) Transport Information

This product is not classified as dangerous under transport regulations.

Parameter	European	Canadian TDG	United States DOT
Proper Shipping Name	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hazard Class	N/A	N/A	N/A
Identification Number	N/A	N/A	N/A
Shipping Label	N/A	N/A	N/A

15) Regulatory Information

This product does not contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372. Components are in compliance with requirements of TSCA.

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity,

Glossary:

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI - American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG - Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Godds; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP - Chemical (Hazard Information and Packing); DSL - Domestic Substance List; EH40 (UK) - HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational exposure limits; EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Services; HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Base; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NLM - National Library of Medicine; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL - Permissable exposure limits; RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances; SARA (Title III) - Superfund Amendments and and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; TLV - threshold limit value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time Weighted Average; US DOT - US Department of Transportation; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

DISCLAIMER: the information in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be correct as of the date issued. No warranties, expressed or implied, including but not limited to, any implied warranty or merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or course of performance or usage of trade. User is responsible for determining whether the product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.